

Vient de Paraître

BLUM, LAWRENCE A. and VICTOR J. SEIDLER. A Truer Liberty: Simone Weil and Marxism. Routledge, 1989, 384 pp.

"Simone Weil--philosopher, trade union militant, factory worker--developed a penetrating critique of Marxism and a powerful political philosophy which serve as an alternative both to liberalism and Marxism. Yet until now, there has been no serious study of her political writings. The authors stress the importance of Weil's work for understanding liberation theology and the Solidarity movement in Poland, Catholic radicalism, and, more generally, social movements against oppression and spirituality."

BOGUE, RONALD. Critics of the Twentieth Century: Deleuze and Guattari. Routledge, 1989, 192 pp.

"This first book-length study in English of Gilles Deleuze and Felix Guattari's work provides an overview of their thought and of its bearing on the central issues of contemporary literary criticism and theory. From Deleuze's 'philosophy of difference' to Deleuze and Guattari's 'philosophy of schizoanalytic desire,' this study traces the ideas of the two writers across a wide range of disciplines--from psychoanalysis and Marxist politics to semiotics, aesthetics and linguistics. What emerges, is an essentially Nietzschean philosophy of becoming that complements and challenges the work of such French theorists as Derrida, Foucault and Lacan in revealing and surprising ways."

ESPAGNAT, BERNARD d'(University of Paris). Reality and the Physicist: Knowledge, Duration and the Quantum World. Cambridge University Press, 1989. 288 pp.

"Contemporary physics, especially quantum theory, has raised profound questions about the relationship between the methods of science and the reality these methods seek to investigate. D'espagnat examines these questions as well as how we should answer them. Part I examines the practices of contemporary physicists and addresses the criticism philosophers of science have made of these practices. The doctrine of physical realism, adopted by most physicists and many philosophers of science, comprises Part II. Part III explores the consequences of physical realism for our understanding of what science can seek to know of reality, and concludes by outlining the position contemporary physics indicates we should take."